Directors' Report

Your Directors are pleased to present the Fourteenth Annual Report and the audited accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

Financial Summary:

Amount in Rs.

Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
Total Revenue	30,679	52,577
Total Expenses including Depreciation	1,52,946	2,36,500
Loss before Exceptional Items and	(1,22,267)	(1,83,924)
Тах		
Exceptional Items		
Loss before Tax	(1,22,267)	(1,83,924)
Less:		
Deferred Tax Expenses/(Credit)	(1,166)	42,94,079
Income Tax of Earlier Years	2,40,69,569	
Loss after Tax	(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)

The change in the nature of business, if any:

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year or subsequently.

State of the Company's Affairs:

During the year under review, your Company has incurred a loss of Rs.2,41,90,670/-(Rupees Two Crore Forty One Lacs Ninety Thousand Six Hundred and Seventy Only) as compared to a loss of Rs.44,78,003/- (Rupees Forty Four Lacs Seventy Eight Thousand and Three Only) for the previous year.

During the year under review, your Company had issued and allotted 5,000 Unsecured 0% Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures to the holding Company, Jai Corp Limited.

Amount proposed to be carried to general reserve and recommended to be paid by way of dividend:

In view of the loss for the year, your Directors do not recommend any dividend.

Extract of Annual Return:

Extract of Annual Return as provided under Section 92(3) of Companies Act, 2013 is given at **Annexure-1**.

Number of meetings of the Board:

7 meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company were held during the financial year 2020-21.

Details of Directors or Key Managerial Personnel who were appointed or have resigned during the year:

During the year under review, members approved the appointment of Mr. Pramod Jaiswal (DIN 03456029) and Mr. V. S. Pandit (DIN 00460320) as Directors of the Company.

Mr. Pramod Kumar Jaiswal (DIN 03456029) retires by rotation and, being eligible, has offered himself for the re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

No Directors or Key Managerial Personnel were resigned or ceased to be Director/Key Managerial Personnel during the year under review.

Directors' Responsibility Statement:

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, it is hereby stated that:

(a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departure(s).

(b) appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and judgments and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year at 31st March, 2021 and of the loss of the Company for that period.

(c) proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

(d) the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis.

(e) internal financial controls have been laid down to be followed by the Company. The internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively.

(f) proper systems have been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Auditors and Auditors' Reports:

M/s D T S and Associates, Chartered Accountants, Mumbai having registration number 142412W was appointed as a statutory auditors of the Company from the conclusion of the tenth annual general meeting till the conclusion of $6^{\rm th}$ annual general meeting thereafter.

Pursuant to the notification dated 07th May 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, New Delhi, ratification of such appointment every year is not required.

There are no qualifications, reservations, or adverse remarks or disclaimers made by the Auditors, in their report.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013:

The Company has not given any loans, guarantees or investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year 2020-21.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with Related Parties referred to in Sub-Section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013:

There are no such contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in subsection (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Material changes and commitments, if any, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report:

There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year and date of this Report.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo:

NIL

Statement indicating development and implementation of a Risk Management Policy for the Company including identification therein of elements of risk, if any, which in the opinion of the board may threaten the existence of the Company:

In the opinion of the Board, the elements of risk threating the Company's existence are very minimal.

The names of Companies which have become or ceased to be Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures or Associate Companies during the year:

NIL

Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act and deposits which are not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Act:

Company has not accepted any deposit covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 nor any deposit not in compliance with the requirements of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of significant and material orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future:

No order was passed by any Regulator, Court or Tribunal impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

The details in respect of adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements:

The Company has in place adequate internal control with reference to the financial statements. During the year such controls were put to test and were found to be adequate.

Employee related disclosures:

There is no employee on the pay roll of the Company.

Issue of Equity Shares with differential rights, sweat equity, employee stock option:

The Company has not issued any share with differential rights, sweat equity or as employee stock option.

Acknowledgement:

Your Directors express their grateful appreciation for the assistance and cooperation received from banks, Government authorities, customers, vendors and shareholders during the year under review.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774)

Place : Mumbai Date : 25/08/2021

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on the financial year ended on 31.03.2021

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. Registration and Other Details:

i)	CIN	U70102MH2007PLC173249
ii)	Registration Date	20.08.2007
iii)	Name of the Company	Iconic Realtors Ltd.
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the	Public Company, Limited by Shares/Indian
	Company	Non Government Company
v)	Address of the Registered office and	11-B, Mittal Tower, Free Press Journal Marg,
	contact details	Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021
vi)	Whether listed company Yes / No	NO
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details	NA
	of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if	
	any	

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

REAL ESTATE BUSSINESS ACTIVITY

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service			
1.	Real Estate	6810	NA		

III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES –

SI. No.	Name and Address of The company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/	% of shares	Applicable section
			Associate	Held	
1.	Jai Corp Limited	L17120MH1985PLC036500	Holding	100%	2 (46)
	<u>Regd. Off</u> : A-3, MIDC		Company		
	Industrial Area, Nanded,				
	Maharashtra,				
	431603. <u>Corporate Off</u> : 11-				
	B, Mittal Tower, Free Press				
	Journal Marg, Nariman				
	Point, Mumbai 400021				

Iconic Realtors Limited - FY 2020-21

SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity) Category-wise Share Holding :

Category of	No. of	f Shares	held at	t the	No. of S	hares held	at the en	d of	% Change
Shareholders	beginni		the	year		r (31.03.20			During the
	(01.04.2	2020)				year			
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/HUF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) State Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Bodies Corp.	0	75000	75000	100		75000	75000	100	0
e) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A) (1)		75000	75000	100		75000	75000	100	
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs-Individuals									
b) Other-Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (A) (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of	0	75000	75000	100	0	75000	75000	100	0
Promoter (A) =									
(A)(1)+(A)(2)									
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Banks/FI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
g) FIIs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Others (Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total (B) (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2. Non-									
Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii) Overseas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

b) Individuals									
i) Individual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
shareholders holding									
nominal share capital									
upto Rs. 1 lakh									
ii) Individual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
shareholders									
holding nominal share									
capital in excess of Rs									
1 lakh									
c) Others (specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Public	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shareholding									
(B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)									
1. Shares held by	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs									
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	75000	75000	100	0	75000	75000	100	0

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr.	Shareholder's	5 5 5			Sharehol			
No.	Name	the year	(As on 01.04	4.2020)	year (As o	on 31.03.20	21)	
		No. of	% of	% of Shares	No. of	% of	% of Shares	% change
		Shares	total	total Pledged /		hares total Pledged /		in share
			Shares	encumbered	Shares encumbered		encumbered	Holding
			of the	to total		of the	to total	during
			company	shares		company	shares	the year
1.	Jai Corp Ltd.	75000	100		75000	100	0	0
	Total	75000	100	0	75000	100	0	0

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No.			ding at the beginning ar. (As on 01.04.2020)	Cumulat during tl	0
		No. of % of total Shares of		No. of	% of total Shares of
		Shares	the company	Shares	the Company
1.	Jai Corp Ltd.				
	Opening Balance	75000	100	75000	100
	Date wise			0	0
	increase/(decrease)				
	Closing Balance			75000	100

Iconic Realtors Limited - FY 2020-21

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.			Shareholding at the beginning of the year (01.04.2020)		ive Shareholding during
	For each of the top 10	No. of	% of total Shares of	No. of	% of total Shares of the
	shareholders	Shares	the company	Shares	Company
	At the beginning of the year			NIL	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer /bonus/ sweat equity etc):			NIL	
	At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)			NIL	

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

Sr.No.			lding at the beginning ear (01.04.2020)	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
	For Each of the Directors and KMP	No. of Shares			% of total Shares of the Company	
	At the beginning of the year		N	IL		
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer /bonus/ sweat equity etc):	NIL				
	At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)		N	IL		

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

	Secured Loans	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposits			
Indebtedness at the				
beginning of the financial				
year				
i) Principal Amount				
Jai Corp Ltd.(JCL) Loan				
JCL Debentures		1,19,40,50,000		1,19,40,50,000
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not				
due				
Total (i+ii+iii)		1,19,40,50,000		1,19,40,50,000
Change in Indebtedness				
during the financial year				
Additions				
JCL Debentures		50,00,000		50,00,000
Deb Application Money		50,00,000		50,00,000
Total Additions		1,00,00,000		1,00,00,000
Reductions				
Deb Application Money		50,00,000		50,00,000
Total Reductions		50,00,000		50,00,000
Net Change		50,00,000		50,00,000
Indebtedness at the end of				
the financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
Debentures		1,19,90,50,000		1,19,90,50,000
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not				
due				
Total (i+ii+iii)		1,19,90,50,000		1,19,90,50,000

Iconic Realtors Limited - FY 2020-21

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL A: Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole Time Directors and/or Manager :NIL

Sr.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Nam	ne of MD/W	/TD/Manager	Total Amount
1.	Gross Salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-Tax Act,1961		NII	-	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961				
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-Tax Act, 1961				
2.	Stock Option				
3.	Sweat Equity				
4.	Commission : as % of profit				
	- others, specify				
5.	Others, please specify				
	Total (A)		NI	-	
	Ceiling as per the Act:- Since there is no profit, Part II Section II (A) of Schedule V is applicable.				

B. Remuneration to other Directors:

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors	Total Amount
1.	Independent Directors		
	Fee for attending board / committee	NIL	NIL
	meetings		
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (1)		
2	Other Non-Executive Directors		
	Fee for attending board /		
	committee meetings		
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (2)	NIL	
	Total B= (1) + (2)	NIL	NIL
	Total Managerial Remuneration		NIL
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act :- Since		
	there is no profit, Part II Section II (A)		
	of Schedule V is applicable.		

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD NOT APPLICABLE

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel				
		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Total	
1.	Gross Salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-Tax Act, 1961					
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-Tax Act, 1961					
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- Tax Act, 1961					
2.	Stock Option					
3.	Sweat Equity					
4.	Commission					
	- as % of profit					
	- others, specify					
5.	Others, please specify					
	Total					

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANIES					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFI	CERS IN DEFAULT	-			
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					

Balance sheet as at 31st March, 2021

(Amount in Rs)

	Particulars	Note	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
I.	ASSETS		51 March, 2021	51 march, 2020
1	Non-current assets			
		2	12,39,00,000	14,30,40,000
	a) Non-current tax assets (Net)b) Deferred tax assets	9	12,96,10,869	12,96,09,703
2	Current assets			
	a) Inventories	3	52,55,39,602	52,54,75,256
	b) Financial assets			
	i) Investments	4	5,26,939	9,46,260
	ii) Cash and cash equivalents	5	95,601	39,086
	c) Other current assets	6	84,02,732	84,77,838
	TOTAL ASSETS		78,80,75,743	80,75,88,144
II.	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
	Equity			
	a) Equity share capital	7	7,50,000	7,50,000
	b) Other equity	8	78,73,13,243	80,65,03,913
	Liabilities			
1	Non-current liabilities			
	a) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	9	-	-
2	Current liabilities			
	a) Financial liabilities			
	i) Other financial liabilities	10	12,500	3,34,231
	TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILTIES		78,80,75,743	80,75,88,144
	Significant accounting policies	1		
	Notes to the financial statements	1-24		

As per our report of even date

For D T S & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W/W100595)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anuj Bhatia Partner

Partner Membership No. 122179

Place : Mumbai **Date :** 1st June, 2021 Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774)

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2021

				(Amount in Rs)
Sl. No.	Particulars	Note	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020
I.	Other Income	11	30,679	52,577
II.	Total Revenue		30,679	52,577
III.	Expenses:			
	Land Development Expenses	12	64,346	2,57,385
	Changes in Inventories of Work-in-progress	13	(64,346)	(2,57,385)
	Other Expenses	14	1,52,946	2,36,500
	Total Expenses		1,52,946	2,36,500
IV.	Loss Before Exceptional items and Tax (II-III)		(1,22,267)	(1,83,924)
V.	Exceptional items		-	-
VI.	Loss Before Tax (IV-V)		(1,22,267)	(1,83,924)
VII.	Tax Expense:			
	(i) Deferred Tax Expenses/(Credit)	15	(1,166)	42,94,079
	(ii) Income Tax of Earlier Years (Refer Note 21.1)		2,40,69,569	-
			2,40,68,403	42,94,079
VIII.	Net Loss After Tax (VI-VII)		(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)
IX.	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		-	-
X.	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VIII+IX)		(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)
XI.	Earnings per Equity Share:	16		
	Basic & Diluted (in Rs.)		(322.54)	(59.71)
	Face Value per Share (in Rs.)		10	10
	Significant Accounting Policies	1		
	Notes to the financial statements	1-24		

As per our report of even date **For D T S & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W/W100595)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anuj Bhatia Partner Membership No. 122179

Place : Mumbai Date : 1st June, 2021 Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended on 31st March, 2021

A. Statement of changes in equity		(Amount in Rs)
Equity share capital	Number of shares	Amount
As at 1 st April 2019	75,000	7,50,000
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 st March 2020	75,000	7,50,000
Changes during the year	-	-
As at 31 st March 2021	75,000	7,50,000

B. Other equity

	Reserves and surplus	Equity component of	Application Money For	Optionally fully	Total
Particulars	Retained earnings	loans from parent	OFCD	convertible debentures	
		company			
Opening balance as at 1 st April 2019	(55,23,35,025)	16,92,66,940	-	1,19,30,50,000	80,99,81,916
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year	(44,78,003)	-	-	-	(44,78,003
OFCD Application Money Received			10,00,000		10,00,000
OFCD issued during the year	-	-	(10,00,000)	10,00,000	-
Closing balance as at 31 st March 2020	(55,68,13,028)	16,92,66,940	-	1,19,40,50,000	80,65,03,913

2020	21
2020	-21

(Amount in Rs)

2020-21					(Amount in Ks)
	Reserves and surplus	Equity component of	Application Money For	Optionally fully	Total
Particulars	Retained earnings	loans from parent	OFCD	convertible debentures	
		company			
Opening balance as at 1 st April 2020	(55,68,13,028)	16,92,66,940	-	1,19,40,50,000	80,65,03,913
Total comprehensive income for the year					
Loss for the year	(2,41,90,670)	-	-	-	(2,41,90,670)
OFCD Application Money Received	-	-	50,00,000	-	50,00,000
OFCD issued during the year	-	-	(50,00,000)	50,00,000	-
Closing balance as at 31 st March 2021	(58,10,03,698)	16,92,66,940	-	1,19,90,50,000	78,73,13,243

As per our report of even date For D T S & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W/W100595)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anuj Bhatia Partner Membership No. 122179

Place : Mumbai Date: 1st June, 2021 Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774)

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars For the year ended 31st March, For the year ended 31st March, 2021 2020 A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Loss before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (1, 22, 267)(1,83,924)Adjusted for : Fair value gains / losses on Financial assets classified and measured at FVTPL (19,031)(51,081)Profit on Sale of Current Investments (11, 648)(1, 496)(30,679) (52,577) **Operating Loss before Working Capital Changes** (1,52,946) (2,36,501) Adjusted for : Inventories (64, 346)(2, 57, 385)Other receivables 75,106 (31, 586)Trade and Other Payables (3,21,731) 3,21,731 Cash used in operations (4,63,917) (2,03,741) Direct taxes paid (49, 29, 569)Net Cash used in Operating Activities (53,93,486) (2,03,741) **B.** CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (9,50,000) Purchase of Investments Sale of Investments 4,50,000 1,41,900 Net Cash From / (used) in Investing Activities 4,50,000 (8,08,100) C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 0% OFCD Issues 50,00,000 10,00,000 Net Cash From Financing Activities 50,00,000 10,00,000 Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) 56,514 (11,841) Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents 39,086 50,927 Closing balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents 95,601 39,086 Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents: 95,601 39,086 Balances with Banks in Current Accounts Cheques, Drafts in Hand

1 Bracket indicates cash outflow.

2 Previous year figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.

3 The above statement of cash flow has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS 7 on Statement of Cash Flow.

As per our report of even date **For D T S & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W/W100595)

Anuj Bhatia Partner Membership No. 122179

Place : Mumbai Date : 1st June, 2021 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774) V S Pandit Director (DIN 00460320)

(Amount in Rs)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Company Information
	Iconic Realtors Limited ('the Company') is a company limited by shares and is domiciled in India. The Company's registered office is at 11B, Wing, Mittal Tower, Free press journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021. These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the company. The company is primarily involved in Real estate business.
	Basis of Preparation
	The separate financial Statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 as per Companies (Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder.
	The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on accrual basis, except for certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.
1	Significant accounting policies
a	Revenue Recognition
	Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue from rendering of services is recognised over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.
	Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional.
	The agreement for sale of land, where substantial risk & rewards are conveyed to buyer, is considered as sale of land. Revenue from such sale of land is recognized on execution of sale deeds, by which substantial risks and rewards are conveyed to Buyers. Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognized when it becomes unconditional.
	Income taxes
	The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.
	The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting
	period.
	period. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
	period. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future
	 period. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a
	 period. Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Investments and financial assets
	Classification
	The company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories: • those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and • those measured at amortised cost.
	The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows
	For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equit instruments, this will depend on whether the company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.
	The company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.
+	Measurement
	At initial recognition, the company measures a financial asset at its fair value except investments in subsidiaries and associates plus, i the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.
	Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are soled payment of principal and interest.
	Measurement of debt instruments Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flor characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the company classifies its debt instruments:
	• Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortise cost, is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is include in finance income using the effective interest rate method.
	• Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. Whet the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or los and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.
	• Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss, recognised in profit or loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the year in which arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.
	Measurement of equity instruments The company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value except investments in subsidiaries and associates. Where the company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, then is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised is profit or loss as other income when the company's right to receive payments is established.
- 1	Changes in the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised as other gain/ (losses) in the

The company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

ICONIC REALTORS LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note	s to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 ^{TT} March, 2021
	De-recognition of financial assets
	A financial asset is derecognised only when
	• The company has transferred the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
	• retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash
	flows to one or more recipients.
	Where the entity has transferred an asset, the company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.
	Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.
	Borrowings and other financial liabilities
	Borrowings and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs incurred). Difference between the
	fair value and the transaction proceeds on initial is recognised as an asset / liability based on the underlying reason for the difference.
	Subsequently all financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method
	Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss. The gain / loss is recognised in other equity in case of transaction with shareholders.
e	Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets
	Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using equivalent period government securities interest rate. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.
	Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Contingent assets are not recognised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.
f	Borrowing costs
	Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss as finance costs.
g	Earnings per share
	Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders' and weighted average number of
	equity shares outstanding during the year.
	Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholder' and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year including share options, convertible preference shares and
	debentures, except where the result would be anti-dilutive. Potential equity shares that are converted during the year are included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, from the beginning of the year or date of issuance of such potential equity shares, to the date of conversion.
h	Cash and cash equivalents
	For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities in the balance sheet.
1	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

i	s to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 st March, 2021 Inventories
1	Cost of inventories consists of cost of land, land development expenses, material services, construction cost, interest and financial charges and other expenses related to project under development. In general, all Inventories of land are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.
j	Current and non-current classification:
	The Company presents assets and liabilities in statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. The Company has presented non-current assets and current assets before equity, non-current liabilities and current liabilities in accordance with Schedule III, Division II of Companies Act, 2013 notified by MCA. An asset is classified as current when it is: a) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle, b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading, c) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or d) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability is classified as current when it is: a) Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle, b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading, c) Due to be settled in normal operating cycle, b) Held primarily for the purpose of trading, c) Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or d) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current. The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle. If the perating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities. The Company has identified twelve months as its normal operating cycle.
k	Fair value measurement:
	The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.
	Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either: a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.
	A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.
	The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy.
1	Off softing financial Instruments
1	Off-setting financial Instrument: Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable rights to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable rights must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.
m	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS:
	The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based on its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

i) Income Tax:
The Company reviews at each balance sheet date the carrying amount of deferred tax assets. The factors used in estimates may differ
from actual outcome which could lead to an adjustment to the amounts reported in the standalone financial statements.
ii) Contingencies:
Management has estimated the possible outflow of resources at the end of each annual reporting financial year, if any, in respect of contingencies/claim/litigations against the Company as it is not possible to predict the outcome of pending matters with accuracy.
iii) Impairment of financial assets:
The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss. The Company
uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.
 iv) Provisions:
Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting
from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification
of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash
outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted
to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note 2 - Non current tax assets (Net)		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Income-tax	12,39,00,000	14,30,40,000
Total	12,39,00,000	14,30,40,000

2.1 Income Tax includes of Rs. 12,39,00,000 (Rs. 14,30,40,000 as at 31^{st} March, 2020) as deposit against Income Tax Appeal.

Note 3 - Inventories		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Work-in-progress	52,55,39,602	52,54,75,256
Total	52,55,39,602	52,54,75,256

3.1 Refer Note 1 (i) for mode of valuation of inventories

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note 4 - Current investments

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021			As at 31 st March, 2020		
i articularș	Quantity (No's)	Face value	Amount	Quantity (No's)	Face value	Amount
Financial assets classified and measured at fair value throu	<u>gh profit or loss</u>					
a) In Mutual funds - Unquoted fully paid up						
Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund	1,589	100	5,26,939	2,961	100	9,46,260
Total Units in Mutual Funds at FVTPL			5,26,939			9,46,260
Total current investments			5,26,939			9,46,260
Aggregate amount of quoted investments and market value thereof			-			-
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments			5,26,939			9,46,260
						-

4.1 Refer Note No 1(c) for the mode of valuation of Current Investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note 5 - Cash and Cash Equivanents		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	95,601	39,086
Total	95,601	39,086

5.1 For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalnets comprise the followings:

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Balances with Banks in Current Accounts	95,601	39,086
Total	95,601	39,086

Note 6 - Other current assets (Amount		
Particulars	As at 31 st March,	As at 31 st March, 2020
	2021	
Balance With Goods And Services Tax Authorities	96,732	93,492
Advances other than capital advances		
Advance towards Purchase of Land (Refer Note 6.1 Below)	52,25,90,241	52,25,90,241
Less : Provision for impairment	(51,50,29,241)	(51,50,29,241)
Advance for Expenses	7,45,000	7,59,000
Others	-	64,346
Total	84,02,732	84,77,838

6.1 Advances towards Purchase of Land aggregating to Rs. 75,61,000/- are subject to confirmation , though management is confident of recovery.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note 7 - Equity share capital		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Authorised:		
85,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	8,50,000	8,50,000
(85,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31 st March, 2020)		
15,000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	1,50,000	1,50,000
(15,000 Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31st March, 2020)		
Total	10,00,000	10,00,000
		- -
Issued, Subscribed & Paid-up:		
75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	7,50,000	7,50,000
(75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31st March, 2020)		
Total	7,50,000	7,50,000

7.1 Reconciliation of number of Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	202	0-21	2019-20	
1 articulars	(In Nos.)	(Figures in Rs)	(In Nos.)	(Figures in Rs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	75,000	7,50,000	75,000	7,50,000
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	75,000	7,50,000	75,000	7,50,000

7.2 Terms / Rights attached to the Equity Shares

Holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by shareholders.

7.3 Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

	As at 31 st 1	March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020	
Name of Shareholder	Number of Shares held	% of Holding	Number of Shares	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	held	% of Holding
Equity Shares:				
(Including equity shares held jointly with nominees)				
Jai Corp Limited	75,000	100%	75,000	100%

Note 8 - Other equity

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	(55,68,13,027)	(55,23,35,024)
Add: Net loss for the year	(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)
Closing balance	(58,10,03,697)	(55,68,13,027)
Nature and Purpose - Retained earnings represent the accumulated profits / losses made by the company over the years	i.	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

		(Amount in Rs)	
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020	
Equity component on interest free loans from parent company			
Opening balance	16,92,66,940	16,92,66,940	
Transaction during the year	-	-	
Closing balance	16,92,66,940	16,92,66,940	
Nature and purpose - The difference between the fair value of interest free loans on the date of issue and the transaction price is recognised as a deemed equity component			

by the parent company.

Estimation of fair value - For computation of the above fair value benefit, the company has estimated the fair value of the financial liability on the date of issue by considering comparable market interest rates adjusted to the facts and circumstances relevant to the company.

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Optionally fully convertible debentures issued to parent treated as equity		
Opening balance	1,19,40,50,000	1,19,30,50,000
Issued during the year	50,00,000	10,00,000
Closing balance	1,19,90,50,000	1,19,40,50,000
Nature and purpose - The optionally fully convertible depentures issued to parent company are treated as equity		

Nature and purpose - The optionally fully convertible debentures issued to parent company are treated as equity.

Terms - 1,188,800 (1,188,800 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 21st July,2015 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

1,400 (1,400 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 5th October,2015 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

700 (700 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 10th October,2015 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

650 (650 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 2nd January,2016 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

500 (500 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 18th June,2016 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

1,000 (1,000 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 28th October,2016 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

1,000 (1000 as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 10th May,2019 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

5,000 (Nill as at 31st March 2020) Zero% Optianally Fully Convertible Debenture (OFCD) of Rs. 1,000/- each are redeemable at face value at the option of the Company at any time from the date of allotment i.e. 20th October, 2020 but before the end of 20 years. The holder of the OFCD have the option to convert each OFCD in to 100 equity shares of face vaue of Rs. 10/- each of the Company at any time from the date of allotment during the tenure of OFCD.

		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Application Money for ZOFCD		
Opening balance	-	-
Received during the year	50,00,000	10,00,000
OFCD Issued during the year	(50,00,000)	(10,00,000)
Closing balance	-	-

(Amount in Rs)

(rinoune in	
Total other equity as at 31 st March, 2021	
31-Mar-20	80,65,03,913
31-Mar-21	78,73,13,243

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 st March, 2021

Note 9 - Deferred tax		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Deferred Tax Assets		
Related to provision for impairment - Land Advance	(12,96,22,559)	(12,96,22,559)
Deferred Tax Liabilities		
Taxable temporary differences on financial assets measured at FVTPL	11,690	12,856
Net deferred tax assets	(12,96,10,869)	(12,96,09,703)

9.1 Movement in Deferred Tax Liabilites

9.1 Movement in Deferred Tax Liabilites			(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	Financial assets measured at FVTPL	Related to provision for impairment	Total
As at 1 st April, 2019 Charged/(Credited)	3,820	(13,39,07,603)	(13,39,03,783)
- to Profit & Loss	9,036	42,85,043	42,94,079
As at 31 st March, 2020	12,856	(12,96,22,559)	(12,96,09,703)
Charged/(Credited)			
- to Profit & Loss	(1,166)	-	(1,166)
As at 31 st March, 2021	11,690	(12,96,22,559)	(12,96,10,869)

9.2 Unrecognised deferred tax assets:

a) Tax Losses

The Company has the following unused tax losses which arose on incurrence of business losses under the Income Tax Act, 1961 for which no deferred tax asset has been recognised in the Balance Sheet

				(Amount in Rs)
In relataion to Financial Year ending	As at 31 st March,	Expiry Year	As at 31 st March,	Expiry Year
	2020		2019	
2019-20	2,20,313	2026-2027	2,20,313	2026-2027
2020-21	1,17,635	2027-2028	-	-

Note 10 - Other current financial liabilities

Note 10 - Other current financial liabilities		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
Other payables (Refer Note 10.1 below)	12,500	3,34,231
Total	12,500	3,34,231
10.1 Other a such la includes and it from a such la		

10.1 Other payable includes audit fees payable.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 st March, 2021

Note 11 - Other income		(Amount in Rs)
	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 st
Particulars	31 st March, 2021	March, 2020
Profit on Sale of Current Investments	11,648	1,496
Fair value changes (net) on financial assets classified as fair value through profit		
and loss	19,031	51,081
Total	30,679	52,577

Note 12 - Purchase of stock in trade

(Amount in Rs)

(Amount in Rs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020
Land Development Expenses	64,346	2,57,385
Total	64,346	2,57,385

Note 13 - Changes in Inventories of Work-in-progress

Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020
At the end of the year Work-in-Progress	52,55,39,602	52,54,75,256
At the beginning of the Year Work-in-Progress	52,54,75,256	52,52,17,871
Changes in Inventories of Work-in-progress	(64,346)	(2,57,385)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 st March, 2021

Note 14 - Other expenses

Note 14 - Other expenses	er expenses (Amount in		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020	
Rent	1,26,555	95,580	
Rates and Taxes	2,500	2,500	
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges	6,500	81,200	
Payment to Auditors - Audit Fees	12,500	12,500	
Bank Charges	1,251	708	
Other Expenses	3,640	44,012	
Total	1,52,946	2,36,500	

Note 15 - Tax expense		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020
Current tax expense		
Income Tax of Earlier Years	2,40,69,569	-
Deferred taxes		
Change in deferred tax assets	-	-
Change in deferred tax liabilities	(1,166)	42,94,079
	(1,166)	42,94,079
Total	2,40,68,403	42,94,079

Note 15.1 - Tax reconciliation (for profit and loss)

Note 15.1 - Tax reconciliation (for profit and loss)		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 st
	31 st March, 2021	March, 2020
Loss before income tax expense	(1,22,267)	(1,83,924)
Tax	(30,772)	(46,290)
Tax Assets not created	30,772	46,290
Fair Value of Financial Assets/liabilties	(1,166)	9,036
Income Tax of Earlier Years	2,40,69,569	-
Due to change in Tax regime	-	42,85,043
Tax expense for the year	2,40,68,403	42,94,079

Note 16 - Earnings per share		(Amount in Rs)
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 st
	31 st March, 2021	March, 2020
Net Loss after tax for the year (Rs.)	(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)
Net Loss attributable to equity share holders (Rs.)	(2,41,90,670)	(44,78,003)
Weighted Average Number of equity shares outstanding during the year for Basic EPS and Diluted EPS (in Nos)	75,000	75,000
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	(322.54)	(59.71)
Face Value per Share (Rs.)	10	10

Reconciliation between number of shares used for calculating basic and diluted earning per share

Particulars	For the year ended 31 st March, 2021	For the year ended 31 st March, 2020
Number of Shares Used for calculating Basic EPS	75,000	75,000
Add:- Potential Equity Shares on conversion (Weighted)	11,96,28,288	11,93,94,344
Number of Shares used for Calculating Diluted EPS	11,97,03,288	11,94,69,344

16.1 Effects of conversions of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures into Equity Share are resulting in anti diluted hence the effect of the same is ignored for the purpose of diluted earnings per share.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

17 Fair value measurements

Financial instruments by category:

	As a	t 31 st March,	2021	As at 31 st March, 2020		
Particulars	FVOCI	FVOCI FVTPL An		FVOCI	FVTPL	Amortised
			cost			cost
Financial assets						
Current assets						
Investment in mutual funds	-	5,26,939	-	-	9,46,260	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	95,601	-	-	39,086
Total financial assets	-	5,26,939	95,601	-	9,46,260	39,086
Financial liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities	-	-	12,500	-	-	3,34,231
Total financial liabilities	-	-	12,500	-	-	3,34,231

Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

(Amount in Rs.)

(Amount in Rs)

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Level 1: hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments that have quoted price and financial instruments like Mutual Funds for which NAV is published by Mutual Fund Operator. The fair value of all equity instruments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period and Mutual Fund are valued using the Closing NAV.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in this level.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value at each reporting date

material assets and habilities incastiled at rail value at each reporting date					(21	mount in K3.)
	As at 31 st March 2021			As at 31 st March 2020		
Financial assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at FVTPL						
Investment in mutual funds	5,26,939	-	-	9,46,260	-	-
Total	5,26,939	-	-	9,46,260	-	-

During the years mentioned above, there have been no transfers amongst the levels of hierarchy.

Fair value for assets measured at amortised cost

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and other financial liabilities are considered to be approximately equal to the fair value.

Total

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

-	Financial risk management						
	The company is exposed to credit risk, liquid	lity risk and Market	risk.				
A	Credit risk						
	Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents carried at amortised cost. Credit risk management To manage the credit risk bank balances are held with only high rated banks.						
B Liquidity risk							
	Liquidity risk management The Company is responsible for liquidity and related to such risks are overseen by senior						
	through rolling forecasts on the basis of exp		management mo	onitors the Co	ompany's net	liquidity positio	
	Maturities of financial liabilities		nanagement mo	onitors the Co	ompany's net		
			6 months to 1		mpany's net Beyond 5	liquidity position (Amount in Rs. Total	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars	ected cash flows.	_			(Amount in Rs	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars Other current financial liabilities	Less than 6 months 12,500	6 months to 1	Between 1	Beyond 5	(Amount in Rs Total 12,500	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars	ected cash flows.	6 months to 1	Between 1	Beyond 5	(Amount in Rs Total 12,500	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars Other current financial liabilities	Less than 6 months 12,500	6 months to 1	Between 1	Beyond 5	(Amount in Rs Total 12,500 12,500	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars Other current financial liabilities Total	Less than 6 months 12,500	6 months to 1	Between 1 and 5 years - -	Beyond 5	(Amount in Rs	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars Other current financial liabilities Total As at 31 st March, 2020 Particulars	Less than 6 months 12,500 12,500	6 months to 1 year - -	Between 1 and 5 years - -	Beyond 5 years -	(Amount in Rs Total 12,500 12,500 (Amount in Rs	
	Maturities of financial liabilities As at 31 st March, 2021 Particulars Other current financial liabilities Total As at 31 st March, 2020	Less than 6 months 12,500 12,500 Less than 6	6 months to 1 year - - 6 months to 1	Between 1 and 5 years - - Between 1	Beyond 5 years - - Beyond 5	(Amount in Rs Total 12,500 12,500 (Amount in Rs	

3,34,231

-

-

-

3,34,231

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Price risk					
The company holds investments in mutual funds. The Company's exposure to equity security's price risks arises from the					
nvestments held by the Company and classified in the balance sheet at fair value through profit or loss.					
Price risk management					
Price risk management The company evaluates the performance of its investees on a periodic basis. In case, the investments are not performing adequat					

Sensitivity for mutual fund Investments (Amount in Rs)

	Impact on profit/(loss) (Before Tax)
	31 st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Mutual Funds		
Increase in price by1%	5,269	9,463
Decrease in price by1%	(5,269)	(9,463)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

	Capital Management					
1	Risk management					
For the purpose of Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, all other equity reserves and debts. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in the light of changes in economic environment and the requirements of the financia covenants. The Company monitors capital using net gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital (equity plus net debt). Net del are non-current and current debts as reduced by cash and cash equivalents. Equity comprises all components including oth comprehensive income.						
2	are non-current and current debts as reduced by		· · ·			
2	are non-current and current debts as reduced by		· · ·			
2	are non-current and current debts as reduced b comprehensive income.		ents. Equity compri			
2 (are non-current and current debts as reduced b comprehensive income.	y cash and cash equival	ents. Equity compri (Amount in Rs)			
2 (are non-current and current debts as reduced by comprehensive income. The capital composition is as follows:	y cash and cash equival	ents. Equity compri (Amount in Rs)			
	are non-current and current debts as reduced b comprehensive income. The capital composition is as follows: Total debts	y cash and cash equivale 31 st March, 2021 -	ents. Equity compri (Amount in Rs) 31 st March, 2020			
	are non-current and current debts as reduced by comprehensive income. The capital composition is as follows: Total debts Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	y cash and cash equivale 31 st March, 2021 -	ents. Equity compri (Amount in Rs) 31 st March, 2020			
	are non-current and current debts as reduced by comprehensive income. The capital composition is as follows: Total debts Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents Net Debts	y cash and cash equival 31 st March, 2021 - 95,601 -	Amount in Rs) (Amount in Rs) 31 st March, 2020 - 39,086			

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

20 Related Party Disclosure

- 20.1 As per Ind AS 24 "Related party Disclosures", disclosure of transactions with the related parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:-
- (A) List of related parties and relationship. Holding Company Jai Corp Limited
- 20.2 Transactions during the year with related parties :

0, 1			(Amount in Rs)
Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	2020-21	2019-20
0% Optinally Fully Convertible Debentures issued	Jai Corp Limited	50,00,000	10,00,000
Expenses Reimbursement to	Jai Corp Limited	2,512	-
			(Amount in Rs)
		As at 31 st March,	As at 31 st March,
Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	2021	2020
Equity Shares	Jai Corp Limited	7,50,000	7,50,000
0% Optinally Fully Convertible Debentures	Jai Corp Limited	1,19,65,50,000	1,19,15,50,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

21	Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (To the extent not provided for)		(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2021	As at 31 st March, 2020
(A)	Contingent Liabilities		
(a)	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts		
	(i) Disputed Liability in Appeal (No cash outflow is expected in the near future)		
	- Income-tax (Rs. 12,39,00,000 paid under protest)	17,75,45,512	20,01,66,233
		17,75,45,512	20,01,66,233

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21.1 During the Assessment Year 2009-10 Income tax department has carried out search and seizure actions under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Act") in the case of the Company, its employees and close associates who were closely involved in the processing of acquiring the land. As a result, the Company had received demand under section 156 of the Act. The Company has disputed the same and paid Rs.12,39,00,000/- till 31st March, 2021 under protest and filed an appeal against the above order with CIT (A). The company has been advised that the above demands are not likely to be resulted into any material tax liability and hence no provision is considered necessary in respect of the above matter.

21.2

The Company has decided to avail the benefits of the "The Direct Tax Vivad Se Vishwas Scheme, 2020" in respect of disputed income tax matters of the earlier years, which were mainly related to activity related to acquisition of Land and same were disclosed as contingent liability in the financial statements of the earlier years . Accordingly, the Company has charged Rs. 2,40,69,569/- as Income Tax of earlier years in the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021.

21.3 Management of the view that above litigation will not impect the financial position of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021

Note 22 Segment Reporting

In the opinion of the Management and based on consideration of dominant source and nature of risk and returns, the Company's activities, during the year revolved around the single segment namely, "Builders and Developers". Considering the nature of Company's business and operations, there are no separate reportable segment (Business and/or Geographical) in accordance with the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments" as notified.

Note 23

The outbreak of corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. In assessing the recoverability of Company's assets such as Financial Asset and Non-Financial Assets, the Company has considered internal and external information. The Company has evaluated impact of this pandemic and based on its review and current indicators of future economic conditions, there is no significant impact on its financial statements and the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of all the assets.

Note 24

Previous period figures have been regrouped / re-arranged wherever necessary to make them comparable.

As per our report of even date **For D T S & Associates LLP** Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W/W100595)

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Anuj Bhatia Partner Membership No. 122179

Place : Mumbai Date : 1st June, 2021 Satyapal Jain Director (DIN 00011774)